

Renewable Natural Gas

# Waste Management Renewable Natural Gas Overview for the Kentucky Clean Fuels Association

November 11, 2020

WM Renewable Energy

Louisville RNG Video

### Waste Management At-A-Glance





#### Waste Management At-A-Glance1









#### 2018 FINANCIALS









capital expenditures

\$14.9B total revenue

LANDFILLS 247 active solid active hazardous waste landfills. waste landfills





### **RNG Overview**

- RNG is responsible for approximately 98 percent of the fuel used to satisfy the cellulosic biofuel category of the RFS, over 95 percent of which is derived from landfill operations.
- RNG reduces up to 80 percent of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions relative to diesel fuel, improves local air quality, and facilitates a quieter driving experience for our customers and communities.
- Waste Management currently is among the largest producers of RNG, with significant investments in RNG facilities, CNG/LNG fueling stations, and CNG/LNG vehicles.



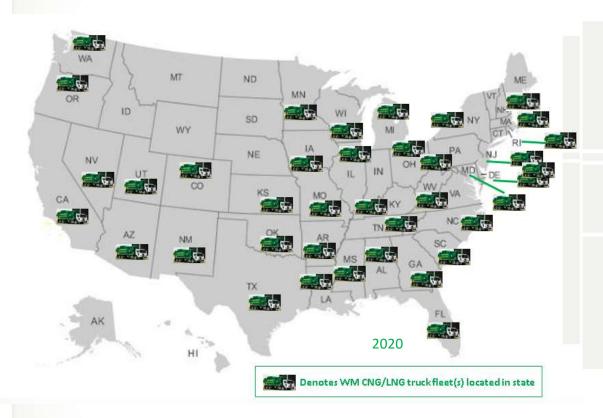


Management CNG collection trucks each day, reducing GHG emissions by more than 80 percent compared to those powered by diesel fuel.



### RFS/LCFS Drives Investment In Clean Vehicles





#### Current fleet & station portfolio

- \$2.7 billion investment: ~10,100 active CNG/LNG trucks across 38 states
- \$340 million investment: 160 fueling stations
- 25 public access stations providing dedicated fast-fill pumps open to commercial & consumer vehicles

### Future fleet & station portfolio

- \$5 billion total investment
  - ~16,000 total active CNG/LNG trucks by the late 2020's (assuming favorable market conditions), all manufactured in the United States
  - By 2025, potential for ~80% of WM's NGV fleet to run on RNG
- \$600 million total investment
  - 260+ fueling stations



### Participants in the RNG industry

WM is the largest landfill and fleet owner, and amongst the largest RNG developers in the United States.



Developers



























**Municipalities &** 



REPUBLIC

























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@ecoengineers







From everyday collection to environmental protection, Think green.<sup>SM</sup> Think Waste Management.

### Current RNG Production Facilities



• Waste Management has invested \$50 million in two operating RNG facilities: Milam in St. Louis, MO (2015) and Outer Loop in Louisville, KY (2018).

Milam





Outer Loop





- 3 additional RNG facilities in engineering
- 4 in feasibility study phase
- 42 identified candidate sites for future RNG development



# Skyline Renewable Natural Gas Facility





Dallas WV



5,000 SCFM project 3,500 MMBtu/day

\$46MM investment

Fueling 1,100 CNG trucks/day

RENEWABLE NATURAL GAS

Waste Management recently completed our newest & most advanced RNG facility, located on our Skyline landfill (Ferris, Texas)

The facility attained operational status in January 2020 & begin injecting **pipeline quality** gas into the Atmos Energy system

A membrane based separation system manufactured by Air Liquid Advanced Separations (ALAS) for removal of carbon dioxide from the raw landfill gas stream

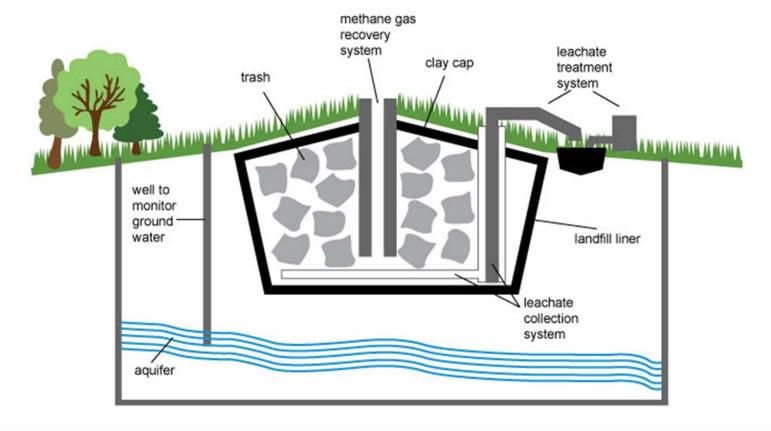
The product gas from the ALAS is then processed for removal of nitrogen & oxygen by a pressure swing absorption (PSA) system manufactured by Adsorption Research, Inc. (ARI)

The ARI system will recover 96.14% of the methane in the product, while off gases will be destructed in a thermal oxidizer on site



## Landfill gas basics: landfill construction and gas extraction







### Landfill gas basics: gas composition



• Composition of landfill gas is reflective of the input waste to the landfill, but primarily composed of methane and carbon dioxide formed through the mesophilic anaerobic digestion of organic wastes:

Ex. 
$$C_6H_{10}O_5 + H_2O -> 3CH_4 + 3CO_2$$

- Primary constituents
  - Methane (45-60%) generated from anaerobic digestion and decomposition of organics (paper, cardboard, food, yard wastes, etc.)
  - Carbon dioxide (30-40%) generated from anaerobic digestion and decomposition of organics (paper, cardboard, food, yard wastes etc)
  - Water vapor (5-10%) gas is saturated with water vapor due to permeation of rainwater, recycled leachate, and wet wastes
  - Nitrogen (2-10%) present due to air intrusion (drawn from atmosphere at gas collection leak points)
  - Oxygen (0-2%) present due to air intrusion (drawn from atmosphere at gas collection leak points)
- Minor constituents
  - Carbon monoxide (<100 ppm) generated in early aerobic digestion of organics
  - Hydrogen (<100 ppm) generated in early aerobic digestion of organics
  - Sulfides (<500 ppm) predominately H2S generated through the decomposition of gypsum / sulfates found in construction waste (wall board)
  - Siloxanes (<50 ppm) generated from the decomposition of cosmetics and deodorants
  - NMOCs (<500 ppm) volatilized from disposed chemicals and reactions between compounds (solvents, oils, refrigerants)



### Landfill gas basics: processing to pipeline-grade gas



#### **Pre-treatment**

- Pressurization
- De-watering
- Particulate removal
- H<sub>2</sub>S removal

#### Raw LFG

- Compression
- Chilling
- Filtration
- Solid adsorbents
- Wet scrubber

### **Primary processing**

- CO<sub>2</sub> removal
- Sulfides removal
- Siloxane removal
- H<sub>2</sub> and CO removal
- NMOC removal
- O<sub>2</sub> removal
- H<sub>2</sub>O removal
- PSA's
- Membranes
- Solid adsorbents
- Physical solvents
- Chemical solvents
- Cryogenic separation
- DeOxy unit
- Dryer units

### **Final polishing**

- Nitrogen removal

- PSA's

- Membranes

- Cryogenic separation

### Pipeline gas

Meets quality specifications from pipeline tariff

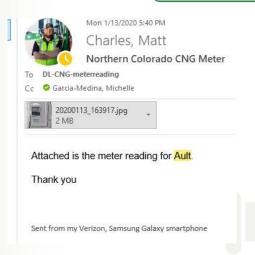
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vOBRajSRptE&feature=youtu.be



# WM RNG fueling process (Ault, CO example)



#1: Weekly demand value







#2: Matched entire Ault, CO demand with **RNG** supply

Interstate pipeline connectivity 100 MMBtu 100 MMBtu **RNG Supply** CNG demand at Outer in Ault, CO Loop Virtual fueling/displacement





#3: Generate environmental attribute



Sell D-3 RIN, LCFS, or to obligated parties

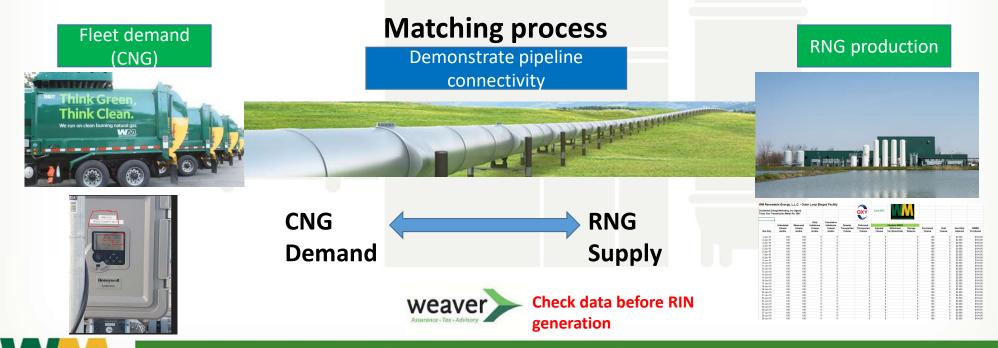


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Waste Management utilizes the ability to fuel RNG through EPA, CARB, and ODEQ approved/preferred "virtual fueling/displacement" that does <u>not</u> require physical RNG to be delivered to CNG fueling sites. The <u>vast</u> majority of the RNG industry follows this fueling method, as <u>very few</u> CNG sites are fueled with physical RNG.



Waste Management holds a unique, fully integrated view that is unrivaled in our industry. Our asset portfolio spans across all components of RNG: landfills, RNG facilities, CNG/LNG fueling stations, and our hauling fleet.



# Thank you



Randy Beck
Senior Director
WM Renewable Energy
713-265-1672
rbeck3@wm.com

Ryan Gach
Renewable Fuels Trading
WM Renewable Energy
713-828-0704
rgach@wm.com

Noah Whitmore

Sr Mgr – Biogas Development

WM Renewable Energy

713-203-0583

nwhitmo1@wm.com

